

# DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

VOL. XXXI.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 11, 1889.

## FIFTY-CENT COLUMN.

All classes of legitimate advertisements not exceeding six lines, inserted in this column at 50 Cents per Week.

**For Sale:**  
One house on Washington street, and one house on Ralston street, opposite residence of O. T. Bender. Enquire of, R. W. Gray, On last named place.

**To the Public:**  
I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my son, Albert F. Derrick, as I have given him his name. MRS. A. J. GILSON.  
Reno, May 1, 1889.

**For Sale:**  
A completely furnished house—12 rooms, bath room and closets, large cellar, lot 50x100, fruit trees, out-houses, good well water, shade and fruit trees. This fine property is located on Commercial Row, near West street. Would suit for private lodging house. Price, \$4,000; half cash down, balance on time. Apply to C. S. Martin, real estate agent Reno, Nevada.

**For Sale:**  
The Black Horse Livery Stable, (consisting of a four year lease), five horses, including a stallion, wagon, buggy and other harness, saddles, and other things too numerous to mention. Time given on good security. Apply to DR. T. RANDALL, April 19.

**For Sale:**  
House for rent and furniture for sale. Enquire at Palace Hotel.

**Hay For Sale:**  
Twenty tons of baled hay for sale. Enquire of S. W. Bowman, or on the ranch of A. C. McFarlin. Apr. 7.

**For Sale:**  
Ten desirable town lots, 80x150, with water sufficient for irrigation; fronting on State St. Price, \$250 per lot. Apply to R. H. LINDSAY.

**For Sale:**  
A nice new cottage house of six rooms, in good location. Lot 10x140. For sale cheap. Enquire of J. H. HUNTER, Real Estate Agent.

## TEHAMA COUNTY,

10,378 27-100 Acres

Township 25 N. Range 7 W, Mt. Diablo Meridian.

This township lies on the eastern slope of the Coast Range of mountains, and from 13 to 20 miles west from Red Bluff, the county seat of Tehama County. The field notes of the U. S. Surveyor who laid out this township, says: "This township is well adapted for grazing, as it affords pasturage for large herds of cattle. It is well watered by the various tributaries of Elder Creek. It is also very valuable for its timber, which consists of a heavy growth of yellow and sugar pine, spruce, and cedar. There is a heavy undergrowth of chaparral, chemical and manzanita." The even sections are in most instances government land, so that the parts most valuable as adjuncts to this range might easily be secured at government price, namely: \$2.50 per acre for single quarter sections.

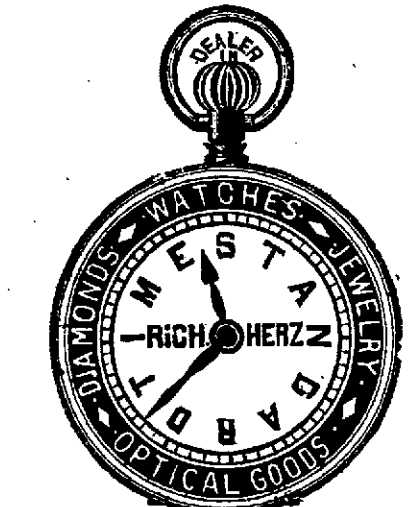
In Section 9, coal was discovered recently by some herders, but nothing has been done to develop the mine, although samples which have been tested show the coal to be of excellent quality.

We are assured that a Railroad heading for the Coast, and running through the Coast Range timber belt will be built very near this ranch. Price for the whole, consisting of 10,378 27-100 acres will be \$35,000.

TERMS:—One-third cash, and balance in two equal yearly payments. Apply to

GREENWOOD & DEWOLF, Owners, No. 418 Montgomery Street, S. F. Or at JOURNAL Office, Reno, Nevada. April 12

RICHARD HERZ, RENO, NEVADA.



—PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO—  
Engraving and Watch Repairing.  
STANDARD TIME TAKEN BY TRANSIT



we send Free, and show you how you can keep them in your home for 25 cents each. These are the best you have ever seen. They are made of the best material and are guaranteed to last. They are sold at a low price to encourage you to try them. Write at once for a free sample. Address: The Journal Office, Reno, Nevada.

**BID FOR PLANS.**

THE BOARD OF REGENTS WILL accept bids for the construction of a new building for the State University, to be located on the corner of Second and Sierra Streets, Reno, Nevada. The plans for the building are on file in the office of the Board of Regents. Bids must be submitted on or before May 15, 1889. For further information apply to the Board of Regents, Reno, Nevada.

## DEARBORN MEDICAL CO.

### WEAK MEN

Whose lives are made unhappy and whose very existence is made miserable as a result of the terrible follies and indiscretions of youth, sexual excesses, etc., should lose no time in seeking relief from some reliable source, else their lives will be ruined, their happiness destroyed forever. Our remedies are known and used all over the world. Thousands of grateful letters testify to the great worth of our celebrated Nerve Pellets. They have cured hundreds of the VERY WORST CASES OF NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST MANHOOD, ETC.

There is no remedy known to the medical world that possesses the strength that they do. They build you right up. They will make a new man of you. Night emissions are promptly cured, and robust strength and manly vigor take the place of weakness. Don't be discouraged if you have tried some other remedy without being benefited. Our Nerve Pellets will cure anyone not beyond human aid. No matter how weak or run down you may be, they will cure you. Try one package and you will need no further evidence that they will do all we claim for them. All correspondence strictly confidential. Large packages, \$2.00; three packages, which will cure any ordinary case, \$5.00. Sent, with full particulars, to any address, on receipt of price. Send four cents in stamps for large book on nervous diseases (sealed).

Address,

DEARBORN MEDICAL CO.,  
Chicago, Ill.

## BOOTS AND SHOES.

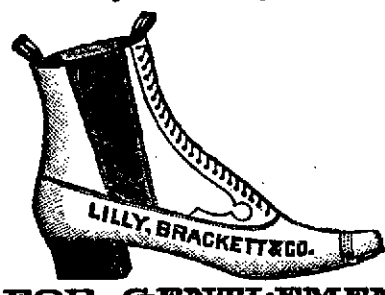
### THE CHEAPEST! THE BEST!

#### TASSELL BROTHERS.

Powning's New Building, East Side of Virginia Street, Are constantly receiving direct from the Leading Manufacturers of the United States the Largest and Most Complete Stock of

Fine

Boots



FOR GENTLEMEN.

Shoes, Slippers and General Footgear for Ladies, Youths and Misses That have ever been received in this city. The public is invited to call and inspect them. Boots and Shoes Made to Order. Repairing Neatly Done. Leather and Findings a Specialty.

## BURLINGTON EXCURSIONS.

### BURLINGTON ROUTE EXCURSIONS.

Commencing Saturday, March 2d, at 6:50 A. M. and Every Alternate Saturday,

Will leave San Francisco for all points East via Salt Lake, where stop will be made one day. The Sleeping Cars are provided with Mattresses, Blankets, Pillows, Curtains, Etc.

For full particulars and Descriptive Folder, call on or address, Agent, Burlington Route, 32 Montgomery St., San Francisco, Cal.

Or Ticket Agent, Central Pacific R. R., Reno, Nev.

## N. P. JAUQUES, PRACTICAL PLUMBER.

### N. P. JAUQUES,

Corner of Second and Sierra Streets, RENO.

#### Practical Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter.

Dealer in Hardware, Stoves and Ranges. Manufacturer of Copper, Tin and Iron Ware.

Agent for Old's Hollow Steel Axle Farm Wagons.  
Agent for McCormick's Mowers and Reapers.  
Agent for the celebrated Patti Roads Carts.

## Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE Stated Conventions of Reno Chapter, No. 7, R. A. M., are held in Masonic Hall on the evening of the first Thursday in each month, commencing at 7:30 o'clock sharp. Following Companions in good standing are fraternally invited to attend. By order of the R. A. M., L. L. CHICKETT, Secretary.

## TO LET ON SHARES.

THE FOLK'S SHINGLE MILL, near Verdi will be leased, on shares, to a responsible party, for the season of 1889. For particulars enquire of J. F. FOLKES, Verdi. (Gazette and Truckee Republican copy.)

A MONTH can be made \$75 to \$250. Apply for particulars to J. F. FOLKES, Verdi. (Gazette and Truckee Republican copy.)

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

D. A. BENDER, President. G. W. MAPES, Vice-President. O. T. BENDER, Cashier. GEORGE H. TAYLOR, Assistant Cashier.

### First National Bank RENO, NEVADA.

Cash Capital, \$200,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$77,450

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold.

## PRINCIPAL CORRESPONDENTS:

BANK OF CALIFORNIA, San Francisco; NAT. BANK D. O. MILLIS & CO., Sacramento; AM. EXCHANGE PAT. BANK, New York; CONTINENTAL NAT. BANK, Chicago, Ill.; BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., London; BANCA D'AMERICA, Genoa, Italy.

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

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## THE BANK OF NEVADA.

Capital Stock, fully subscribed, \$300,000

WILL BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE ON SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK London and the principal Eastern and European Cities.

## OFFICERS:

M. D. FOLEY, President; M. MEYER, Cashier; M. E. WARD, Vice President; R. S. OSBURN, Assistant Cashier.

## DIRECTORS:

Daniel Meyer, of San Francisco; M. D. Foley, of Eureka; Geo. Russell, of Elko; M. E. Ward, J. N. Evans, C. O. Powning and L. Abrahams, of Reno.

## STOCKHOLDERS:

Daniel Meyer, M. Brown, L. Brown and William Price, of San Francisco; Russell & Bradley, of Elko; A. D. Foley, R. H. Donnelly, W. E. Grimm, John Torre, B. Johnson, of Eureka; Frank Golden, of Virginia City; Mallesley, of Susanville; Theo. Winters, of Washoe Valley; J. H. Whitely, of Wadsworth; O. O. Powning, J. N. Evans, B. F. Sobel, L. Abrahams, A. Abrahams, W. H. Gould, Sol. Levy, M. E. Ward, S. S. Osburn, S. B. Lindsey, W. D. Phillips, E. Gohn, F. V. Judice, L. J. Flint, Mrs. D. H. Barker, J. A. Mitchell, of Reno.

Will Transact a General Banking Business. Mining and other Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission Agents for Several First-Class Insurance Companies.

## H. J. THYES.

HERMAN J. THYES,  
WHOLESALE DEALER IN  
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

First National Bank Building, RENO, NEVADA.

SOLE AGENT FOR STATE OF NEVADA FOR  
SCHMIDT'S SARSAPARILLA AND IRON WATER,

The Only Genuine Article on the Market—U. S. Copyright—All Others are Worthless and Injurious Compounds.

Also Agent for Idaho Mineral Water, from Idaho Soda Springs, the Empriss of mineral waters, and Ginger Ale

## SIERRA BEER!

I Handle Exclusively. Trade and Families Supplied.

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### CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Sam'l Pitche's old, harmless and quick cure for Infants' and Children's Complaints. Superior to Castor Oil, Paregoric or Narcotic Syrups. Children cry for Castoria. Millions of Mothers bless Castoria.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation; Gives healthy sleep; also aids digestion; Without narcotic stupefaction.

"I recommend Castoria for children's complaints, as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., New York.

## VERDI MILL CO.

### VERDI MILL CO.,

VERDI, WASHOE CO., NEVADA.

CAPITAL STOCK - - \$40,000.

O. LONKEY, President.

J. F. CONDON, Manager and Secretary.

## TRUSTEES:

O. LONKEY, J. F. CONDON, C. O. POWNING.

Water Power; Day Night; Electric Light; Latest and Improved Machinery

## MANUFACTURE

DRESSED LUMBER OF ALL KINDS,

## VIZ:

FLOORING, CEILING, RUSTIC, BEVEL SIDING AND SURFACED LUMBER,

FRUIT AND PACKING BOXES.

PICKETS, LATH AND SHINGLES, SAWDUST FOR MARKET, KINDLING WOOD, ETC., ETC.

Mouldings, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Door and Window Frames, Trimmings, Scroll Work, and all the latest styles of East Lake Doors and Interior Finish for Dwellings and Storehouses.

CLEAR AND COMMON LUMBER FOR SALE.

ESTIMATES GIVEN ON APPLICATION.

ADDRESS ALL ORDERS: VERDI MILL CO., VERDI, WASHOE CO., NEVADA.

## FOR FINE

Call at the Journal Office.

## JOHN F.



And Gents' Furnishings

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN

French  
FLANNELS,

Beautiful Striped Designs,

The Finest Shirts ever offered for sale in the town.

IMPORTED

Oxfords and Cheviots,

A Very Large Variety of Patterns. These Goods for This Spring and Summer.

Silk Shirts in Stripes and Plaids

HANDSOME COLORINGS AND DESIGNS

CUFFS, COLLARS AND HANDKERCHIEFS  
Silk and Viscose Underwear.

The Finest Assortment of NECK WEAR on the Coast.

FINE  
BOOTS AND SHOES

In Ladies', Misses', and Children's

Men's Fine Hand-sewed

Kangaroo and French C-

In Every Width from A

to EE

All will be sold at New York Prices.

F. LEVY & BRO.

## F. LEVY & BROTHER,

—THE RELIABLE—

Dry Goods, Carpet and Cloak House

Will dispose of the remainder of their

CLOAKS AT GREAT SACRIFICE

No Cloaks will be kept over for next season. This means Bargains.

## M. NATHAN'S ADVERTISEMENT.

NATHAN'S

VIRGINIA STREET, RENO, NEV.

## NEW GOOD

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR

For the Spring and Summer of 1889

In Every Department—Men's, Youths', Boys', and Children's

A Magnificent Assortment of New Styles in Suits, Lightweight overcoats and Pantaloon.

At the Lowest Prices Possible!

Consistent with New Goods and First-Class Work.

W. O. H. MARTIN

## W. O. H. MARTIN,

—DEALER IN—

Shelf Hardware, Bar Iron, Barbed Wire

Steel, Cumberland Coal, Lime, Plaster, Cement,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

Buckeye And all Other Kinds of Machinery, a Specialty.

Also, LIQUORS, TINWARE AND CHINAWARE.

Agent for the Empire Mower.

Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada.



The Herald said the population of the city would be 40,000 in 1890. At the time of our friends regarded the number too high by 5,000. They said that an increase of 70 per cent in two years would be extraordinary, and all that the most sanguine could expect. Today the Herald is inclined to increase its estimate. If immigration shall continue at the same rate, the census enumerators will record on the 1st of June, 1890, the number of 45,000 people who claim Salt Lake as their home and abiding place. The index is steady. Every week brings additions to our permanent population. Everywhere in its quota of those who come here to abide. There is no rush. There are some of the elements of a steady growth, which is remarked by those who have been here for only a few weeks at a time. The census also observe it in the many new homes on their rolls, and the directory compilers are surprised when they attempt to compare their lists with those in the last previous directories. The fact is proven in a most convincing manner by the new dwelling houses which are going up, the work of the builder being observed on every street and on nearly every block in the city. Contracts have been awarded already this Spring for hundreds of houses of greater or less pretensions, and it is said that some of the brick-makers have sold the entire season's product of their yards. Another evidence of the growth of population is furnished in the reports of the real estate sales. The number of these sales last month aggregated between three and four hundred, and the money paid amounted to nearly seven hundred thousand dollars. Very few of these sales were of large or valuable pieces of land. The great majority were of small lots and building sites, where there were practically no purchases for speculative purposes. In many instances the buyers are new comers, men who have been in the city only a few weeks or months, and who, like the place have concluded to remain. If one will look over the field intelligently and in a disposition to be fair, he will say that the Herald's estimate of two years ago was under rather than above the fact. He will be convinced that Salt Lake is growing rapidly, and will make such a showing at the June, 1890, census as will astonish even our own people who have not taken account of what has been going on around them. We have passed the village period in our career, and are to-day a city in population as well as name.

An extra session of Congress will be called in October. A reduction of the revenue is believed to be the leading question for the next Congress, and to mature this legislation the President is said to believe that about six weeks of extra session is necessary. Besides this the contested election cases and the maturing of many important measures are looked upon by the Executive as furnishing sufficient reason for calling Congress together at an earlier date than usual. Should Congress meet in October the Speaker could be elected and the committee appointed, leaving the entire machinery in condition for immediate operation at the close of the holiday recess. Such a programme, if carried out, will give the Fifty-first Congress an unparalleled advantage for the maturing of legislation without unduly prolonging the first session.

The appointment of Samuel C. Wright, as Superintendent of the Carson Mint, will be very generally acceptable to the Republicans of the State. Mr. Wright is a veteran in the service of the party, and has the executive ability to manage the Mint in a satisfactory manner. His administration will be a greater success than any of his predecessors. The JOURNAL hopes the Mint will soon be in full blast and coining four millions of silver dollars per month.

The Chief of Bureau of Ordnance has made appointment of the \$400,000 appropriation by the last Congress for distribution to the National Guard of the various States and Territories. Following are the amounts to be received by the Pacific States Territories: California \$7,014, Nevada \$2,847, Oregon \$2,847, Washington \$2,847, New Mexico \$3,001.

The last public debt statement shows that the bonded indebtedness of the United States is \$303,628,002, but of this amount \$61,623,512 must be deducted, as it represents the indebtedness of the subsidized Pacific railroads, for which the Government became responsible, leaving the net bonded debt only \$241,994,490.

The great trotting stallion Steamboat, recently purchased by W. S. Hobart from Senator Bove, of Los Angeles, for \$50,000, is still at the Bay District working lightly. It will be some time before he is pushed to make the 2:12 record, which Senator Bove has wagered \$10,000 he will do.

There are sixty-one Republicans and only eight Democrats in the present Dakota Legislature. It looks as if the two new States which are to be created out of this great Territory would be about as nominally Republican as Vermont.

The United States Government is advertising for bids for furnishing the different departments on the Pacific Coast with supplies for the year ending June 30, 1890. Nearly every article raised or manufactured on the Coast is required.

The Democrats are making a warm campaign in Montana, Idaho and Washington to elect Congressmen there and Legislatures which will choose the new United States Senators. They should be looked after.

Thomas has elected a Democratic Mayor, but that is no sign the new State of Washington will go Democratic this Fall.

Ex-Minister Phelps is to resume his duties as Professor in the Yale Law School.

## STEWART ON WATER.

The San Francisco Call some time ago published the annexed article:

The article contributed by Senator Stewart, of Nevada, to the Forum on the subject of the reclamation of desert lands deserves no importance for the selection of the Senator to preside over the Senatorial Committee that has been appointed to consider the whole subject of irrigation. And yet it is unsatisfying. It reads as though the Senator had a great deal more to say than he chose at this moment to reveal. The subject is one with which people on this Coast are rapidly becoming familiar; perhaps the Senator has not given them credit for the knowledge they possess.

His idea is that "the inhabitants of the arid regions should be allowed to make laws and regulations, and to enforce them in each district irrigated by one system," and that when "the Government has done its part in enacting proper laws and making the necessary surveys and estimates, some plan may be devised to enable associations and capital to construct the works." This is a trifle vague. As a rule, people do not live in arid regions until they are irrigated, and there are no "inhabitants" to "make laws and regulations." The plan of creating irrigation districts we have tried in this State under the Wright law, and it does not work. As to saying that the Government should make proper laws, and labor and capital should devise suitable plans, that is merely a paraphrase for stating that we ought to irrigate. What people want of men of the standing and knowledge of Senator Stewart is some notion of what laws would be "proper," and what plans "suitable."

Let us illustrate the situation. The Colorado Desert contains nearly 900,000 acres of arid land, most or nearly all of which is in the ownership of the Government. There is ample water in the Colorado river to irrigate the whole of this desert. How is it to be done? Mr. Stewart says, let the Government make proper laws, and labor and capital will devise suitable plans. This, if it means anything, means that the Government should donate "as well as a nominal price large tracts of its desert land to capitalists or corporations, and the latter should put water on it at their expense, and make their profit by the increased value thus given to the land. But does the Senator from Nevada really believe that any Administration would deliberately ask Congress to give away the remainder of the public domain to corporations or speculators?

If that is the point upon which the Association people are sensitive it is the ownership of the public domain. Their minds are set like flint against its passing into the hands of a few who would become landed aristocracy. They would rather defer irrigation than endorse such a policy. Mr. Stewart must be as familiar with this peculiarity of the public temper as every one else.

When the English were confronted by a somewhat similar dilemma in India, they promptly solved it by an exercise of the sovereign powers of Government. They doctored, under the law of eminent domain, all standing and running water, irrigating canals, reservoirs, dams and ditches, and proceeded to construct a system of irrigation at the public expense. Some \$150,000,000 has already been spent on the work—the whole of it being drawn from the General Fund. Whatever may be said against this plan, it has had the merit of stopping the chronic famines which used to decimate the Peninsula of Hindostan, and has enabled that country not only to feed its teeming millions, but to become a rival of the United States in the food markets of Great Britain. Mr. Stewart says that the British methods "cannot be applied here." We are not sure of that. When the time comes that an American citizen cannot find a piece of land on which to raise a family, and he sees millions of acres which might be converted into farms if water were put on them, he will be apt to clamor pretty loudly for irrigation, and if the only way which can give possession of the water sources and wrest the fountains at their head out of the hands of prior appropriators and speculators is the Government, he will be likely to remind the Administration for the time being that the law of eminent domain prevails here as in British possessions, and that the time has come to reverse the policy.

At subsequent date the Call published the subjoined:

Senator Stewart is in error if he imagines that, in a recent article on irrigation in this paper, we designed to antagonize his statements in the Forum. We merely proposed to draw his attention to the inevitable expense which would be drawn from his rather vague assertion that capital and labor would combine of their own motion to irrigate the arid plains, as soon as the way to do so was pointed out. In such enterprises, capital does not embark unless it sees its way to returns, and then it employs labor to do the work. We can see quite distinctly how capital would underwrite the business of irrigation, if the Government gave it the land for nothing or next to nothing, and how it would call labor to its assistance. But the people are not prepared to get irrigation at this cost and in this way, because they are opposed to the creation of monopolies in water as in everything. It was because one or two passages in Senator Stewart's article in the Forum appeared to recommend this method of dealing with the subject that we drew his attention to the language he had used.

The United States are full of people who are prepared to put up the money for irrigation if they can be assured of a profit in the enterprise. But the proposition is, would they be satisfied with a modest profit? The demand might prove less than anticipated, and in years of crop failure consumers might be unable to pay. Therefore capitalists would strive for a more assured source of profit than water rents; and that source could be nothing else than the ownership of at least part of the land that would be irrigated by the water works. In other words, they would demand that the United States, as the owner of the bulk of the arid lands, should either donate to them alternate sections or should sell them large tracts of those lands at a nominal price. The language used by Mr. Stewart in the Forum appeared susceptible of an interpretation that favored such schemes; and we are now pleased to note from his remark to our reporter, that he is opposed to the ownership of irrigating ditches by monopolists. This leaves, apparently, no difference of opinion between us.

In Australia, where agriculture is generally dependent on irrigation, the works have been built since 1859, by "strata," where lands were induced by the Colonial Government. When a district wanted water it formed itself into a trust and issued bonds for the presumed cost of the reservoirs and canals required; the Colonial Government indorsed them and sold them in England; the interest was met out of the proceeds of the water rents. This is as if our Wright law had contained a provision that the State of California should indorse the bonds of the irrigation districts. If it had, the districts would have got the money they wanted; but the Constitution stood in the way, and besides, it is pretty certain that the people would not sanction such a use of the State credit, in an enterprise of which no one could foresee the limit. In Australia the irrigation debentures are at the present time selling at 100. They threaten to break the camel's back, and to place Victoria and New South Wales in the position which Illinois occupied half a century ago.

## Shall the Desert Bloom.

San Diego Sun.

The "great American desert," which figured on the early maps as covering Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, New Mexico, Arizona, Nevada and most of California, has receded before the advance of the pioneer until but little of it remains. California, which Daniel Webster called an irreclaimable waste, has proved to be one of the most fertile and fruitful of the States. Even Arizona has a fruit growing and agricultural population, and Utah, reclaimed by water and toil, is now one of the seven wonders of the west. The history of the whole vast territorial empire west of the Rocky Mountains proves that a desert, however dreary to the eye, can no more withstand the fruitifying touch of water than a sea fog can resist the penetrating rays of the sun.

Among the few remaining patches of what the map-makers call absolute sterility, in the coast region, is the Colorado desert, part of which overlaps the eastern borders of this country. It is dismal and harsh enough to look at, except in Winter, when it is a vast conservatory. The Sun took pains to send a representative there, some three months since, and the report brought back pictured a tropical luxuriance of growth and color. Succulent grasses lay waiting for the birds that never came; great lilies bloomed along the plain, and the little wild flowers made a carpet of delicate tints as far as the eye could reach. That was the result of rain. Now that Summer is at hand the desert will become a desert indeed, intense in its heat, without a sign of profitable vegetation, the dry and dusty soil of the year before. A reservoir like that of Sweetwater would keep it bright and fertile the year round and make it one of the most valuable horticultural districts in Southern California, by adding certain fruits to our production which are not raised in any other form or quantity elsewhere in this State or country.

The market for the pineapple and banana in the East and West is always held up by a steady demand. On the Atlantic coast, owing the proximity of the West Indies and the direct steamer lines between there and its distributing centers, the quality of this fruit is far superior to that which obtains here. We get our bananas and pineapples from the Sandwich Islands, and they are but second hand goods. It is a fair question in view of the temperature, soil and horticultural claims of what is misnamed the desert, why we do not get ready to raise these fruits ourselves?

Bananas and pineapples have already been produced at Yuma, of unsurpassed size and flavor, but only as horticultural experiments. The climate of that place is the same as the climate of Eastern San Diego. By adding water to the latter, you find the true conditions of tropical growth, and vegetation—heat and moisture—would have been observed and the banana, custard-apple, plantain and pineapple become a part of our resources, and no unimportant part either, considering their ready sale in this and other markets.

Water, which is easily to be had, Banner creek, and the streams running into the desert from Warner's ranch and elsewhere, unite with the San Felipe river in the valley of that name. Ignoring the great irrigating possibilities. By putting a dam across San Felipe canyon, which is a narrow but deep halfway in the hills, the mountain rains of the wet season could be held in store to make the desert a Summer paradise, and open thousands of acres to the homestead.

When the Caymanas Railroad is finished these lands will be close to our door. They are not in private hands as yet, and wise policy would lead to their pre-emption; for it is morally certain that they will some day get what water they need, and attain a surprising value.

## Millionaire Senator.

I saw a man add up to-day the fortunes of the members of the next Senate. Of course, other earthly things is as hard to find out as how rich a man is. He told me, however, and the human imagination is weak indeed when it contemplates a big aggregation of dollars. Most of the people of this country cannot understand the sensation of owning \$100 in a lump. It used to be a common saying that A. T. Stewart was worth \$1,000,000,000, but I believe his estate, after death, amounted only to \$30,000,000. There is a member of Congress from Massachusetts whose close friends range from \$4,000,000 to \$250,000 in estimating his wealth. But on the basis of popular guesses the figures of Senatorial wealth would be, according to this calculation there will be, counting Vice-President Morton, nine millionaires in the next Senate, which number is a third of the total membership. When Zachariah Chandler came to the Senate, just before the war, I have heard that he could not find another millionaire in the chamber. Only fourteen years ago there were but nine millionaires in the Senate.—Boston Globe.

## A New Controller of the Treasury.

The President has appointed Am Matthews, of Illinois, to be First Controller of the Treasury, vice M. J. Darham, resigned. Matthews is at present Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives, which office he has held for several terms. He was Colonel of an Illinois regiment during the war, and subsequently held the office of Collector of Internal Revenue for Peoria District. He lives at Pittsfield, Ill.

## His Answer Was Satisfactory.

"Wife, did you order that boneless liver as I asked you to do this morning?"

"Yes, I did."

"What did the butcher say?"

"You're a mean, good-for-nothing old fool. Don't speak to me again for a month."—Chicago Herald.

## An Unfortunate Oversight.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The point of most importance with regard to Oklahoma seems to be that the railroads do not provide sufficient facilities for leaving the country.

## The Cost of Panhandleism.

Philadelphia Inquirer: It is estimated that it will cost a round \$1,000,000 to hold the special election in Massachusetts on the prohibitory amendment. That's things come high, but we must have them.

"O, look, George, they are hanging out an ice-cream sign across the street!" The words were few and softly spoken, and they took all the brightness out of the Spring sunshine, all the music from the song-birds' notes, all the melody from the violin zephyr, and all the change out of George's pocket.—Merchant traveler.

General William Harnet, the oldest officer in the United States Army, died at Orlando, Florida, on Thursday. General Harnet was born in 1800.

The next session of the Y. M. C. A. will be held at Kansas City, Mo., in 1891.

## SEEKING NEW HOMES.

Rapid Settlement of the Puget Sound Country.

The subjoined interesting article is from the San Francisco Bulletin:

The West-bound travel on the Central and Southern overland routes is very light at present. Few people, compared with the numbers going into the Northwest, are coming by these routes to California at this season. The three-fold explanation for this is that the spring-time is not the season for California travel, and as yet that the light travel now is no less than in many preceding years at this season. Exactly why the Spring months should not see thousands of settlers moving into the fertile valleys of this great State in time to secure homes and help by their laborers' harvest, it is not their own, is not easy to understand. The mechanical and men representing all occupations have, according to all reports, been pouring into Washington and Oregon for the past six months, and there are no signs of a cessation of the immigration. A proportion of these settlers and land prospectors find their way here by the daily train, or steamer, but the proportion is not large, compared with the number who remain in the vast and unexplored regions of the Northwest. There are several facts that may be taken into account in considering this present situation of affairs in the travel to the Pacific Coast States, if Washington may be so classed in assurance of its approaching Statehood.

THE TRAVEL TO CALIFORNIA.

The great travel to California in past years has been in the fall. The travelers have been largely health-seekers, desiring escape the rigors of the Eastern Winter. California has been widely advertised, especially the southern part of the State, as a sanitarium, and it is a question if to-day the State is not more widely known for its healthful climate than for its unsurpassed soil and agricultural capabilities. That the excitement of last year in the southern part of the State was an injury to Southern California, was "written up" in Eastern papers as no place for the poor man, and the whole State suffered for the one section. The impression was spread abroad that all California land was held at fabulous prices, that Government, school and railroad land was all exhausted. There was chance for all such reports to be corrected, while opportunity was given to the reader to see for himself. The many intending emigrants did while in the month's excursion rate remained at \$60 (from the Missouri river and return), but the action of the transcontinental companies, which resulted in raising the rate to \$80 (\$100 round-trip from Chicago) affected this class of travel to a large degree. The railroad people argued then, and argued now, against these six months' travel. But so far as the increased rate prevented any head of a family coming out here to look about, so far has the raised rate affected immigration to the State.

THE TRAVEL TO THE NORTHWEST.

Travel to the Northwest gained its impetus from various causes. Chief among these has been the persistent and effective advertising of all sections of Washington, Oregon, Montana and Idaho by the Northern Pacific. The New England, Middle, and the States between Lake Superior and the Rocky Mountains, have been flooded with literature, descriptive of the great Northwest. Portland, Spokane Falls, the Palouse country, the Coeur d'Alene district, and the "Big Bend" region have all had separate pamphlets regarding each circulated broadcast. Washington is attractively called "the Pennsylvania of the West." The Upper Yakima Valley, the Lower Columbia, the Cowlitz and Chinook Valleys, have been described in great detail. General Passenger Agent E. E. Lamb, Commissioner of Land and other officials of the Northern Pacific have been working early and late to spread abroad the resources of the region they were anxious to see populated and developed. Little or no effort has been made by the Northern Pacific to secure immigration from Europe. The chief work has been done in the United States, in Nebraska, Kansas and Wisconsin. Land plats, maps of all kinds, pamphlets and attractive folders have been issued by the million and judiciously circulated. "There is ample room in this great belt of productive and prosperous country for millions of settlers," was a phrase that circled in large type could give. That in the Puget Sound country are wheat, fruit, hops, timber, grazing, corn, flax and coal lands was also made conspicuous, and the iron, copper, lead, silver and gold mines of the country tributary to the railroad have been advertised with all the industry and energy possible. The cheapness of land was one thing emphasized, and California more generally learned from this to make more generally known the existence here of some property that can be bought at low prices.

EFFORT OF THE NEW ROAD.

The completion of the line to Oregon from this State has also done much for the development of the Northwest. Many San Franciscans have investments in Seattle, Whatcom, Port Townsend and other points. Several California capitalists are now engaged in building a railroad line between Portland and Seattle. The Union Pacific, which has been in the Northwest, has been interested in the Northwest, and the work of the Canadian Pacific in Great Britain has brought indirect benefits in immigration. Because of the railway laws and agreements, no special inducements to settlers could be held out in railway rates. The increased monthly rate affected the Northern Pacific as well as the other lines. The round trip rate from St. Paul to Seattle or Portland has been and is \$80. The principal tickets sold have been the second-class, \$35 from St. Paul to Seattle or common points. A stop-over privilege of fifteen days at Spokane Falls or west of that point was granted on the second-class tickets. This privilege has been made good use of. It is estimated that fully one-third of the west-bound travelers of the Northern Pacific have stopped at Spokane to look about.

There are no records obtainable here to give figures of west-bound travel to Portland, Tacoma or Seattle by either the Northern Pacific or Union Pacific. It is known to have been large that the two companies are engaged in a bitter dispute over division of the Puget Sound business. Reports from all districts tell of great activity and the scenes of the Southern California "boom" are being repeated in a measure. Some Seattle property is selling for as much as Market Street real estate. There is much hot gambling in progress and excitement runs high.

TRAVEL BETWEEN OREGON AND CALIFORNIA.

The down trains from Oregon are now crowded. Three Pullman and two tourist sleeping cars, besides the day coaches, are the usual accommodations. It is undoubtedly true that many travelers to the Northwest by the Northern Pacific or Union Pacific have held tickets for San Francisco, for the rate agreement between transcontinental lines has for some time made it as cheap for a traveler to come from Chicago to San Francisco by way of Tacoma or Portland or Los Angeles as by way of Ogden. The

rates are the same on limited business. Many of the persons coming here now from the north and west of this coast. They are classed as prospectors more than as actual settlers, but experience has shown that a visit to California is the first step in bringing about a permanent change from Eastern ties. Visits to rural sections show that settlement in California has been going on steadily and surely the past twelve months, although perhaps not with the rapidity that the State's advantages warrant. One San Luis Obispo farmer, known to the writer, had to ride over ten miles, some five years ago when he wished to vote. Now there is a polling place about a mile from his house, and sixty-four votes were cast there at the last election. In one small Butte county colony, hardly a year old, there are gathered people whose recent residences represented at least twenty States and Territories east of California.

LABOR IMMIGRATION NEXT YEAR.

For next fall and winter General Passenger Agent Goodman, of the Southern Pacific, has given his opinion as to the immigration to this State. The work of California's traveling show will by that time, it is thought, be demonstrated by homeseekers traveling Westward. Other influences are also at work. The State Board of Trade is advertising widely. The Southern Pacific and other companies, whose interest in the Western trade is increased by the hope of their own through lines come, are circulating immigration literature. One of the best pamphlets ever issued by a railroad company is now being lithographed for the Southern Pacific. It is "California" and will contain colored plates and descriptive matter relative to the whole State and not a word about the railroad companies will be found in the volume.

LOST IN THE STORM.

One of our local editors clipped from a leading magazine extracts from a vivid description of a western blizzard which we have taken the liberty to publish and at the same time suggest to H. H. Warner & Co., the proprietors of the celebrated Warner's Safe Cure, the feasibility of taking therefrom an extract for the introduction of one of their telling advertisements. The following is the description:

"At the close of a dark day in January, a stormy foreman winds his way across the open prairie in one of our western territories. He passes at long intervals the lone cabin of the hardy frontiersman. Two or three old settlers, of whom he has inquired the way, have warned him that a storm is approaching, and one of them, with true western hospitality, urges him to shelter in his cabin for the night. But he declines the proffered kindness and urges his tired horse forward. \*\*\* The sky grows suddenly dark. \*\*\* He decides to seek shelter. \*\*\* The storm increases in its fury. \*\*\* The chiller dismounts to warm his fast riding limbs. He can scarcely breathe. Blindness comes on. Drowsiness steals over him. The end is near. \*\*\* He is lost in the blizzard. \*\*\*

There is no doubt that the terror which seizes the bewildered traveler is similar to that which overcomes one when he learns that he is suffering from an advanced Kidney Disease, and is informed that he is in the last stages of Bright's disease. At first he is informed that he has a slight kidney affection. Later he begins to feel tired. Slight headache. Pickle appetite. Failure of the eye-sight. Cramp in the calf of the legs. Wakefulness. Distressing nervousness. Rheumatic and neuralgic pains. Occasionally pain in the back. Scanty, dark colored fluids, with scalding sensation. Gradual failure of strength. Any of the above symptoms signify Kidney Affection, but he is told that he is all right. His physician treats him for symptoms and calls it a distemper, when in reality it is but a symptom of Kidney trouble. He may be treated for Rheumatic or Neuralgic pains, heart affection, or any other disease which he is most susceptible to. Finally the patient has puffing under the eyes, slight bloating of the ankles and legs. His physician may inform him that it is but the accumulation of blood in his ankles for want of proper exercise.

The blood continues and reaches his body. Then he is informed he has dropsical troubles, and is tapped once or twice. He notices it is difficult to breathe owing to irregular action of the heart, and finally is informed that he has a slight attack of Bright's Disease. Soon his friends are notified that this is an advanced case of Bright's Disease, and that he can live but a short time. His honorable and dignified physician asks for counsel. It is too late. Still he sticks to the old family physician, and the physician knows him well, and well from the beginning that the patient has been stricken with death for months, for he knows full well that the profession acknowledge they have no remedies for the cure of Kidney Disease.

At last the patient suffocates—is smothered—and dies from dropsical trouble. Or perhaps the disease may not take the form of a dropsical tendency, and the patient dies from apoplexy, paralysis, pneumonia or heart trouble. Or it may take the form of blood poisoning. In each form the end is the same. And yet he and his friends were warned by the proprietors of the celebrated remedy known as Warner's Safe Cure of the lurking dangers of a slight Kidney affection.

The newspapers have published the dangers. Columns of facts have been printed of men dying from advanced Kidney Disease or Bright's Disease. His friends and physicians look around with horror and regret for seeming neglect, but he is lost. He did not heed the warning that a storm was approaching. He declined the proffered hospitality, and recklessly went forward into danger. He struggled manfully for a time, but his strength failed, he grew gradually weaker and he was lost to the world. Now in a blizzard, but from the terrible malady which is almost daily occurring in every community, and which is doctored as a symptom instead of what it is—a mortal disease unless properly treated.

Give the Old Man a Rest.

Philadelphia Press: The scheme of the Western Democrats to run the venerable John M. Palmer, of Illinois, for President in 1892 has been practically abandoned. The more humane members of the Democracy out there have sensibly concluded that Gen. Palmer is too old a man to drag on the track to the ruin over by the chariot of Republican progress.

In Prohibition Kansas.

Troy Times: It is noted as an amusing and significant fact that the Oklahoma boomers who crossed the line from Kansas, a Prohibition State, usually carried among their stores abundant quantities of whiskey. This is a decidedly saddening circumstance. And where did they get their rum?

When Baby was sick,  
We gave her Castoria.  
When she was a Child,  
She cried for Castoria.  
When she became Miss,  
She clung to Castoria.  
When she had Children,  
She gave them Castoria.

## NEW TO-DAY.

## THE M'KISSICK OPERA HOUSE.

JOHN PIPER.....Lesse.

## ONE PERFORMANCE ONLY

Thursday Evening, May 16, 1889

## REILLY &amp; WOOD'S

## NEW BIG SHOW.

## GRASS BAND AND ORCHESTRA

Mr. GUS TERRY, LEADER.

During the Parade Miss Beale Gilbrat, the Greatest Living Lady Cornettist, will render her Beautiful Solos accompanied by the Brass Band.

Headed by the World's Greatest March.

## VAIDIS TWIN SISTERS.

In their New Entertainment Entitled "Trapezoid Routines"

## REILLY &amp; SPARKS.

The Great Irish Comedians.

Jeanie McVillie and Eva Steison.

## NAPIER &amp; MARZELLE.

The French Horizontal Bar Performers.

## JOHN-THOMAS HEALEY-REILLY.

MISS BESSIE GILBERT.

The World's Greatest Lady Cornettist.

## JOHN C. SPARKS.

Six Years With Red Herring.

## 2-NOBLE ROGUES-2

By John C. Sparks and Pat Reilly.

Dress Circle Reserved.....\$1 00

Balcony Reserved.....50

Private Boxes.....5 00

Res. Reserved Seats now on Sale at Naby's

RENO MILL & LUMBER CO.  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in  
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER,  
Wood Turnings,  
Windows, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings,  
Pickets, Shingles, Etc.

## APPLE BOXES A SPECIALTY.

## RIVERSIDE HOTEL.

(FORMERLY LARK HOUSE)

Reno - - - Nevada.

W. R. CHAMBERLAIN, Proprietor

I HAVE REMODELED AND REMODELED this

house fully situated on the banks of the Truckee river, and am now prepared to furnish

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND LODGING.

Free Coach to and from all Trains.

Extending a cordial invitation to all my old friends

and patrons, I am yours  
W. R. CHAMBERLAIN.

## DEPOT HOTEL.

AT THE DEPOT. - - Reno. Nev.

R. W. FERRY, Proprietor.

This House is situated beside the Railroad track

and it is but a step from the building to the cars

of the O. P. R. R. on one side, and those of the

V. &amp; T. R. R. on the other.

ALL THE ATTRIBUTES OF A FIRST-CLASS

HOTEL ARE SUPPLIED.

## CENTRAL HOTEL.

Corner Plaza and Virginia Sts.

RENO - - - NEVADA.

I COATED IN THE VERY CENTER OF RENO,

and most conveniently adjacent to the

cars of the O. P. R. R. &amp; V. &amp; T. R. R. &amp; U. R. R.

This Hotel is newly built, with new, large,

airy, comfortable rooms, and is furnished

to bottom with elegant new furniture.

## THE TABLE IS FIRST-CLASS.

DAN O'KEEFE, Proprietor.

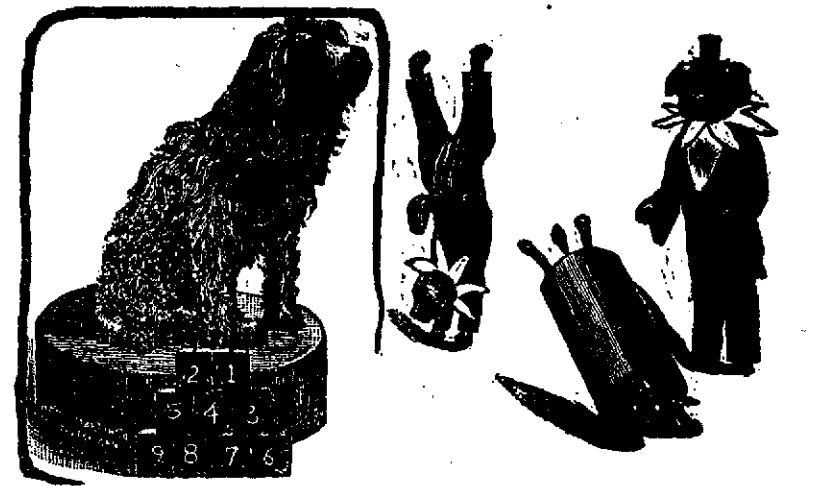
## OPERA HOUSE, SATURDAY, MAY 11

## SPECIAL MATINEE AT 2:30 P. M.

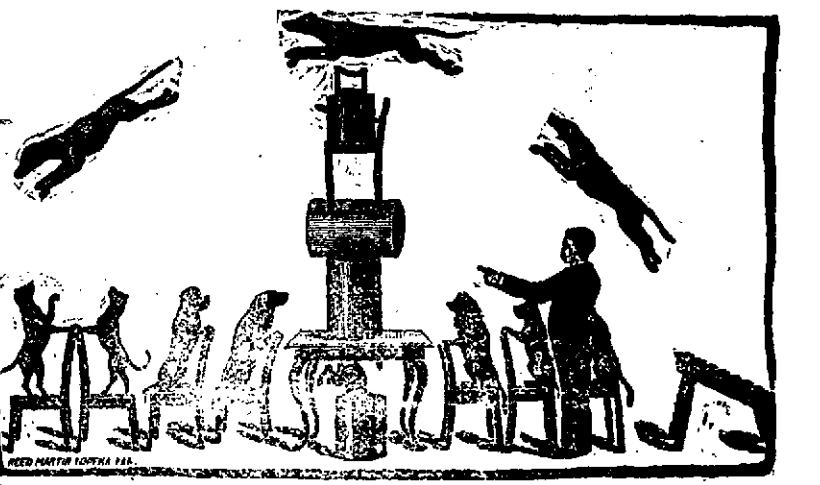
## Prof. C. Norris' Canine Paradox

30 DO  
Educated  
DOGS!  
30 EVERYTHING  
-DUT-  
TALK

## The Strongest Attraction Of Its Kind in the World.



## FRITZ, King of Dogs, Does 56 Tricks and Actually Tells the Correct Time of Day.



## Trix, the Champion Leaper of the World; Leaps 14 Feet 7 Inches High.

ADMISSION, 25, 50 and 75 cents. Children 25 cents to any part of the house.

Every Child attending will receive a handsome photograph of Fritz.



BREVITIES.

Beautiful weather.  
Go to Lange & Schmitt for paints and brushes.  
Mining stocks were considerably stronger yesterday.  
Three trains in the morning, after to-morrow.  
Parasols for everybody at Ed Northrop's from 25 cents up.  
New Sateens and an elegant stock of new white goods at Ed Northrop's.  
Go to Lange & Schmitt for garden hose, lawn mowers, and ice cream freezers.  
Now is your time to buy carpets. Big reduction in carpets at Ed Northrop's.  
Some of the Washoe county Republicans must have good positions in the Mint.  
The Journal, remember, is one bit a week delivered by carrier, or \$5 per year, by mail.  
Advertise for Spring and Summer trade. You can't make much money without advertising.  
The dogs engage the attention of all the children. The show is the best of its kind on the road.  
The Minneapolis Loan Association is said to be advancing quite large sums of money to Reno investors.  
Those who calculate to have a home in Reno, and have not one now, should not delay in making the preliminary arrangements.  
A very pleasant birthday anniversary was celebrated at the Asylum last evening by Harry Bishop and a party of young friends.  
The Weekly Journal, issued to-day and every Saturday, is a publication of which the Journal office is proud. Send a copy to your friends.  
Louis Dean came in from the Granite Creek country. He looks happy and feels happy, all on account of the late storm up in that cattle region.  
A. H. Barnes has not been enjoying very good health for some time. His old complaint troubles him more than ever, and every once in a while he coughs up a piece of that left lung.  
Peter Jackson, the sable wonder and hard hitter, will pass through for Virginia this morning. Several Renoites will drive up the Geiger Grade this afternoon to witness the sparring matches to-night.  
C. W. Boston, of the Opera House Dry Goods Store, has just received and has now on exhibition the largest and best selected stock of dry goods, boots, shoes and ready made clothing in the city, which are being sold at the lowest cash price. Call and see for yourself.  
The total bullion yield of the Comstock lode for April was about \$700,000, including: Con. Cal. & Va., \$300,000; Hale & Norcross, \$100,000; Savage, \$30,000; Chollar and Potosi, \$30,000; Crown Point, \$30,000; Best and Belcher, \$5,000; Alta and Justice, \$5,000; Confidence and Challenge, \$50,000.  
Prof. C. Norris's Canine Paradox.  
The Professor with his troupe of 30 educated dogs will appear at McKissick's Opera House this afternoon and evening. The Rocky Mountain News (Denver) says: Prof. Norris and his wonderful troupe of 30 educated dogs drew the largest houses of the season the house being packed nightly, while at the matinee at least 800 people were turned away from the doors, who could not gain admission. The Professor certainly illustrates that dogs with superior advantages can give an entertainment that is pleasing, amusing and instructive. For two hours the house is kept in a good humor by constant variations in the performance. There are some 30 odd dogs that give the performance, of all sizes, colors and breeds, and such antics, leaping, tumbling, rolling of barrels, somersaults, etc., is something not to be witnessed often. "Fritz" is deserving of special mention. He can read, add, subtract, play the piano and actually does all the correct time of day. He is certainly almost human, except he cannot talk.

THE KENTUCKY DERBY.

Spokane Forces Ahead of the Favorite, Proctor Knott.  
A Louisville dispatch, of the 9th, says: Proctor Knott, last year's Futurity winner, has been declared the Derby favorite, and is selling over the field for \$100 to \$75. Eight candidates faced the starters—Spokane, Proctor Knott, Cassius, Onbound, Hindoo Craft, Sportsman, Once Again and Bootmaker. Spokane won. Proctor Knott second. Once Again third. Time, 2:34 1/2. The Kentucky Derby has been decided and the fine chestnut colt Spokane, by Hyder Ab, dam Interpose, is the winner, with the favorite, Proctor Knott, a good second. Spokane is the property of the Montana stable and landed a considerable sum for his owners. His chances have all along been looked upon as good, but Proctor Knott and several of the others out-phone him in the betting. The New York Sportsman of the 4th instant, said of Spokane as follows: "Spokane's race when he ran second to Stridaway at Memphis last week was a good one, and if the going is heavy he will go well, as all of his family are great performers in the mud."  
The time is the fastest ever recorded in the Derby. The best time at the distance is 2:24.  
A BIG SHOW.  
Reilly & Wood's to Appear at McKissick's Opera House.  
One of the best shows on the road this season is Reilly & Wood's Specialty Company, which is advertised to appear at McKissick's on the 16th. It is the only specialty company visiting this coast this season that has played four weeks at the new Bush street Theater in San Francisco.  
The New York Sun says: "The Vaidis sisters' dashing and daring performance in mid-air has the charm of originality, and is the most finished and perilous undertaking ever undertaken by a gymnast. If their first trick is wonderful, the concluding one is a marvel. When Chevalier B. din walked across Niagara on a rope he accomplished no more perilous a feat than Lizzie Vaidis accomplishes every night in diving from the dome of the theater to a mattress 85 feet below."  
The box sheet is now open at Nasby's Bazaar.  
The New Time Card.  
The Journal is indebted to Supl. Whitford for the new time card which goes into effect to-morrow. No. 1, Atlantic Express, arrives at Reno at 6:20 A. M. and leaves at 6:40. No. 3, Atlantic Express, arrives at 8:30 A. M. and leaves at 8:50. No. 2, Pacific Express, arrives at Reno at 9:45 P. M. and leaves at 9:55. No. 4, Pacific Express, arrives at 7:15 A. M. and leaves at 7:35.

Commonwealth Misc.

The Bulletin, of Wednesday, says: This mine is in the Tuscarora District, Elko county, Nev. The annual meeting was held yesterday, when George C. Hickox, S. Hart, John Cassell, S. Roberts and John Dixon were present. I. R. Henry Deas was continued as Secretary and F. F. Coffin as Superintendent. The Secretary's report showed an overdraft of \$70,800. Superintendent Coffin presented a detailed report of the operations of the mine for the past twelve months. The mine has been prospected in various directions with encouraging results. Work has been carried forward on the 100, 150, 225 and 300 foot levels. Over 200 tons of ore have been worked at the Navajo, the average pulp assays of which were \$24.32. This ore produced \$71,063, which amount was sent to the Secretary. There are now 2,000 tons of ore on the dumps assaying \$127 and 3,000 tons assaying \$28 per ton. The new mill of the company started up on the 1st of May, and works satisfactorily. Mr. Coffin predicts better returns for the ensuing year, as there is plenty of ore in sight.  
Advice to Mothers.  
Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. Feb. 21-aw-17.  
Secretary Noble Explains Himself.  
St. Louis Globe-Democrat.  
A rather good story is out on Secretary Noble. Several months ago he wrote a letter to Major Warner, then a Representative in Congress, stating that he thought Missouri was entitled to a place in the Cabinet, and asking Warner if he would not like to have such a position. The letter implied that he would decide to retire from public life, in order to devote himself to his law practice. He also said that it would probably be best to adhere to his determination. Noble then wrote another letter to Warner, stating that he no longer felt it was right in refusing to accept a public position. A friend of Mr. Noble, unexpectedly to himself, was made Secretary of the Interior. It was not until yesterday, however, that he recalled this correspondence with Major Warner, and he at once set down and wrote to the Major as follows:  
"When I said you were perfectly right in keeping away from home, I had no idea of courting the girl."  
Fullerton's Compliments to Cleveland.  
New York World (Dem.): The Garland blotch, the fellows folly, the big-head indignity to party that passed for independence, and the foolish obstinacy that mistook itself for firmness, the shameful performance of standing in the market place crying civil service reform while handing over the offices to favored spoilsmen and contributing \$10,000 to the campaign fund after "forbidding assessments" upon office-holders—all these might be forgiven for a right and resolute and capable leader to accept a public position. At present, however, Mr. Cleveland is undoubtedly again a possibility.  
Is Godfish a Failure?  
Buffalo Express: It is a humiliating fact that the First Families of New York display not the slightest knowledge of what's proper in inviting distinguished foreigners and others to the inauguration proceedings.

RAILWAY RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

Points on How They Are Conducted and What to Expect.  
Seeing as we do the many lines in the country grouped into large systems, whose ownership will no doubt remain stable in years to come, permanence of employment and stability of position is easy to be guaranteed, and the corporations can now better secure their own rights and strengthen themselves against the encroachments of the public by drawing their employees more closely to them, showing them paternal care and solicitude for them which tend to establish good feeling and community of interest.  
Relief associations will do this. They are flourishing on the Baltimore and Ohio and the Pennsylvania railroads. The organizations on these roads may be taken as the type of what other companies should do. On the former, the scheme originated with the elder Garrett nearly ten years ago. At the organization of the company, a plan was adopted to regard to age. After a short period those over 45 years and those who could not pass a medical examination were not allowed to join. All persons employed regularly by the company are required to pass a medical examination, must be under 45 years of age, and must join the relief association. Thus it will be seen that nearly all their employees are members. The compulsory feature looks to an outsider like a hardship, but the obligation is on him only who seeks employment.  
The employees are divided into two classes—hazardous and non-hazardous, and these two classes are divided into five more, who pay into a fund certain fixed sums each month, according to the amount of wages regularly received. Benefits are paid in weekly indemnities in cases of sickness and disabilities and a gross sum to the beneficiary when death occurs. They vary according to the amount contributed. Free medical aid is also provided; physicians are appointed at convenient points on the line. The company has contributed \$100,000, the interest on which at 6 per cent. goes into the fund yearly. It also puts \$25,000 a year into a superannuation fund. A building, which has become quite popular. There are many other liberal features, of which limited space will not permit an enumeration.  
The Pennsylvania Railroad company has also adopted a system of relief similar to that of the Baltimore and Ohio, but not so extensive. It is entirely voluntary, and numbers over 20,000. It rapidly increases in popularity as its benefits become more appreciated.  
In both companies the employees are rapidly leaving the local benevolent associations; they find they can insure themselves with the aid of a solvent and powerful company for much less money than in the thousands and one local lodge whose solvency depends on the honesty of a secretary or a treasurer.  
Other systems of relief, but to a minor extent, have been adopted by railway companies—namely free hospital service for the sick and disabled upon the Santa Fe and Missouri Pacific, all of which matter, however, the number of claims for damages and subsequent costly trials and judgments in the courts.—L. O. Goddard in The Century.

And Then What?

Scientific men are hovering around the excavations for the Manchester Ship Canal, like birds in a newly ploughed furrow, waiting for records of the two past. Of course the geologists find plenty to interest them in the sand beds and rock formations, and the archaeologists have been made happy by the unearthing of a prehistoric canoe, which is doubtless a relic of ancient fisheries. The botanists, too, find plenty of material for inquiry in a thick layer of leaves, which in some mysterious way has been preserved almost intact under a bed of sand. They are identifying some of the ancient species as nearly related to vegetation of the present day. We have to thank Mother Earth for preserving a good deal of historical material for us. The history of one great people, the Egyptians, wholly unknown to the world for many hundreds of years save for a few references in the Bible, is now being dug out of the mounds of Western Asia.—Ex.

Wheat on Earth

White Hamilton Fish was Secretary of State. Mr. Fish made it his variable practice to return all calls made upon her. Of course, many in the throng were unfashionable, but that made no difference.  
One day a lady of East Washington thought she would see what an official reception was like, so she followed the crowd to the State Fish's parlors and dropped her card at the door.  
In due time Mrs. Fish's carriage stopped before a small frame house in East Washington, and the lady at the moment was occupied by the honest but not aristocratic occupation of scrubbing the front steps.  
Mrs. Fish stepped out of her carriage, and, presenting her card, asked to see the lady of the house.  
"She is not in," said the lady calmly, and resumed her scrubbing, while Mrs. Fish returned to her carriage.—Philadelphia Record.

Wheat on Earth

In the reason people will not, can not or do not use any difference in cheap nostrums put up by cheap John houses or irresponsible parties at enormous profits, rather than take a medicine of world wide reputation and one that is giving universal satisfaction at 50¢ a bottle! No medicine in the world is giving such unparalleled satisfaction for purifying the blood as BLOOD PURIFIER and BLOOD MAKER, and every bottle that does not do its work will cost you your money back.  
OSBURN & SHOEMAKER, Druggists.

Wheat on Earth

Is the reason people will not, can not or do not use any difference in cheap nostrums put up by cheap John houses or irresponsible parties at enormous profits, rather than take a medicine of world wide reputation and one that is giving universal satisfaction at 50¢ a bottle! No medicine in the world is giving such unparalleled satisfaction for purifying the blood as BLOOD PURIFIER and BLOOD MAKER, and every bottle that does not do its work will cost you your money back.  
OSBURN & SHOEMAKER, Druggists.

Wheat on Earth

Is the reason people will not, can not or do not use any difference in cheap nostrums put up by cheap John houses or irresponsible parties at enormous profits, rather than take a medicine of world wide reputation and one that is giving universal satisfaction at 50¢ a bottle! No medicine in the world is giving such unparalleled satisfaction for purifying the blood as BLOOD PURIFIER and BLOOD MAKER, and every bottle that does not do its work will cost you your money back.  
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Our Increased Export Trade.

The preliminary of the statement of our foreign commerce during the month of March shows that further progress has been made in enlarging our export trade; the value of the breadstuffs, provisions, cotton and petroleum shipped during that month aggregated \$28,444,771, which is \$13,690,381 more than last year, each item showing a large increase, except petroleum, in which there was a small decrease; if the exports of other articles were as much larger than last year as they have been for several recent months, there must have been a balance of trade in our favor of possibly \$5,000,000, but it is only \$1,000,000 the exhibit is in strong contrast to last year, when there was an adverse balance for the month of March of over \$12,000,000.—Ex.

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PALACE DRY  
SPECIAL BARGAIN SALE  
AT THE  
PALACE  
Dry Goods and Carpet  
COMMENCING  
MONDAY, MAY 6TH

THE ADVANTAGE OF HAVING  
Informed buyer in the market, who is ever ready to secure rare values when there is an opportunity. It is readily seen in our establishment this coming season that recent purchases made by him will enable us to offer many ARTICLES, which are particularly adapted for the season of the year, at prices never heard of in the State.

Look at the Array of Bargains!

- 12 pieces Check Nainsook, assorted patterns, we will sell at 9¢ cents per yard.
- 20 pieces Small Check Gingham, in blue and white, brown and white and black and white, usual price 10¢, down to 6 1/2¢ cents per yard.
- 25 pieces figured Lawns, fast colors and newest designs, only 5¢ cents a yard.
- 12 pieces Challies, warranted fast colors and newest patterns, we will sell at 8 1/2¢ cents per yard.
- 10 dozen ladies' colored Jersey Silk Mitts, only 25¢ cents a pair, worth 50¢ cents.
- 35 dozen Misses' French ribbed black listle thread Hose, sizes 5 to 8 1/2, 25¢ cents a pair, worth double.
- 5 dozen children's white Normandy Bonnets, at 15¢ cents each.
- 3 dozen ladies' white Aprons, at the nominal price of 20¢ each.
- 25 dozen ladies' colored border hemstitched handkerchiefs, warranted fast colors and choice designs, at 5¢ cents each.
- 75 dozen ladies' Collars, Cuffs and Chemisettes, at the marvelous low price of only 10¢ cents each.
- 10 dozen ladies' black Jerseys, with fancy vest fronts and pleated back, at 75¢ cents apiece.
- 25 dozen ladies' 5-button Kid Gloves in light tan, medium tan, and brown, excellent value, 50¢ cents a pair.

Our stock of Dress Goods, Silks, Surahs, Plushes, White Goods, Sateens, Gingham, etc., is to well known for its exquisite shades, designs and cheapness to require comment.

Our Trimming and Cloak Department is replete with the latest novelties of the season.

Extraordinary inducements will be offered in Carpets, Matting and Linoleum.

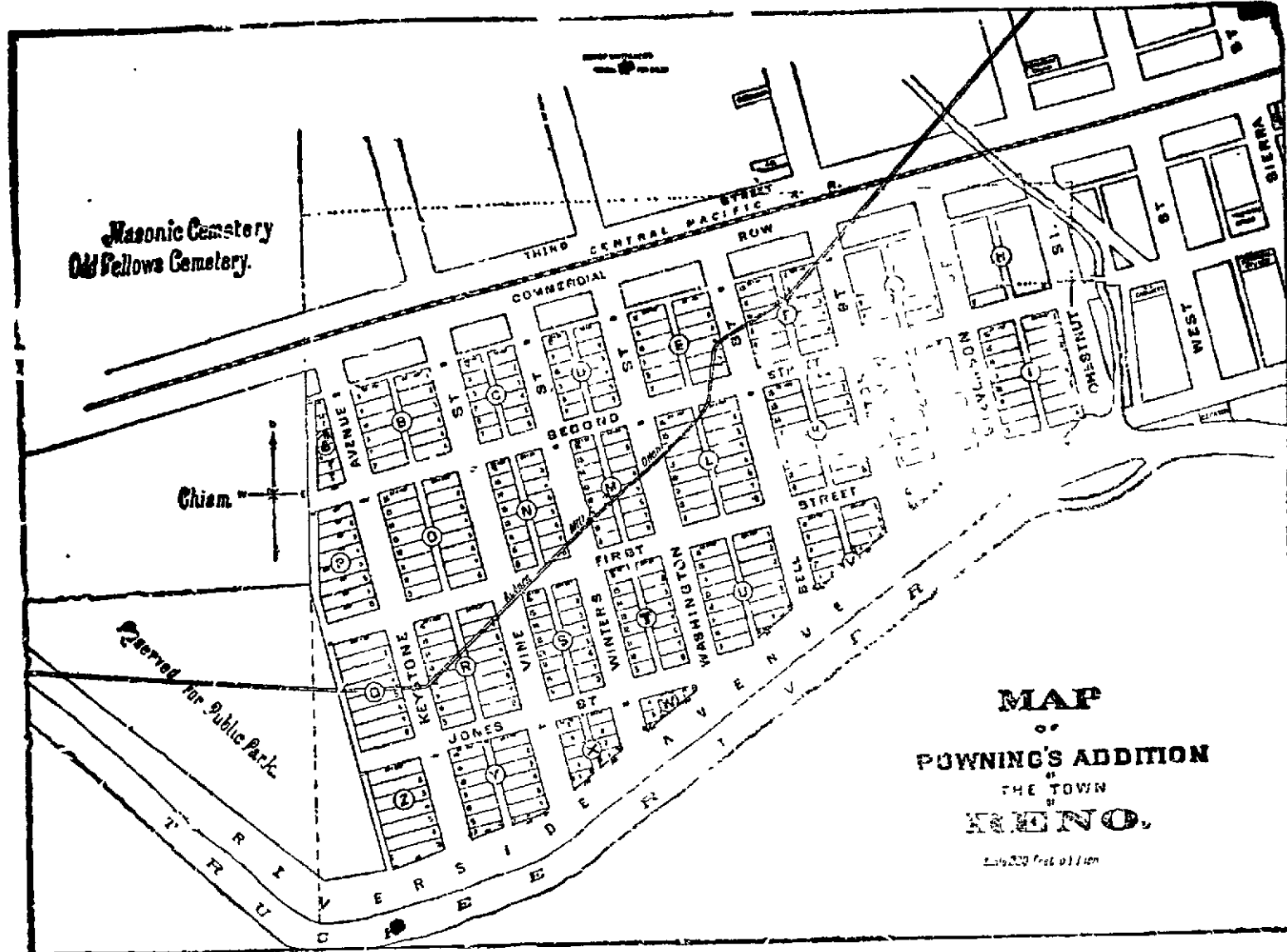
In Wall Papers we carry the latest designs and tints only, and sell them at the lowest possible prices.

We respectfully invite our customers and the public in general to call early and secure some of the many bargains offered.

Palace Dry Goods and Carpet House.

JOHN BREUNER, SACRAMENTO.





## 250 Beautiful Lots For Sale!

A RARE CHANCE FOR AN INVESTMENT AND A HOME.

THE MOST LOVELY PORTION OF RENO.

Facing the Truck - The Aristocratic Avenue Riverside Driveway - Splendid Sewerage - Healthy Location and Safe From Fire.

The proprietor is now ready to receive proposals for lots in Powning's Addition. The map gives a good idea of the tract, which is situated between the Central Pacific Railroad and the Truckee River, and commences on the west at a point three blocks distant from Virginia Street, making it the most central and convenient of any portion of the rapidly growing town of Reno. Unlike any other part of the town this Addition faces the beautiful Truckee River and Riverside Avenue is certain to become the fashionable driveway of the country. The streets are 80 feet wide, while Riverside and Keystone Avenues are intended to be 100 feet in width. All alleys are 20 feet wide. The soils is a rich gravelly loam, and susceptible of the highest state of cultivation. Being situated as it is it is more safe from fire than any other section. The regular lots are 50x140 feet. The sewerage is perfect.

Before Buying Elsewhere Parties will do Well to Look at These Lots.

## RENO

Reno's geographical position is excellent. It is on the line of the Central Pacific Railroad, only 154 miles from Sacramento, and 244 miles from San Francisco. It is the terminus of the Virginia and Truckee Railroad running south, and of the Nevada and California Railroad running north. It has two Flouring Mills, Planing Mills, three Nurseries, a Soap Factory, Reduction Works, and other industries. A great Woolen Mill and a Sash, Door, Blind and Box Factory, are about to be established.

Reno has the Bank of Nevada with \$300,000 capital, and the First National Bank with \$200,000 capital. It has two fine papers in the DAILY and WEEKLY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL and the Daily and Weekly Gazette.

Reno is the natural home of the Alfalfa, and therefore the great cattle headquarters of the State. Here are fed the prime beef for the California market. Reno potatoes are the best in the world, and she also excels in Strawberries and the small fruits. Reno Wheat took the first prize at the great New Orleans Exposition.

The State Fair is always held at Reno.

Reno is the County Seat of Washoe County, the wealthiest county in Nevada.

## RENO!

Has 5,000 Population and is

Growing Rapidly.

The Loveliest Town!

The Cleanest Town!

The Wealthiest Town!

The Healthiest Town!

## RENO

Is Supported by the Richest

Farming Country of Nevada,

Northern California and South-

ern Oregon

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE CREDITORS of and all persons having claims against the estate of Peter Frank, deceased, to present the same with proper vouchers to H. P. Brown, Administrator of the estate of Peter Frank, deceased, within three months from the first publication of this notice.

## RENO

Has no equal in Nevada or California for salubrity of climate, wealth of soil, diversity of products and stability. Situated in the very heart of the celebrated Truckee Meadows the future of Reno is assured. Reno is the City of Homes. There is not a house to rent in Reno. New buildings are occupied as fast as erected. Reno has advantages which no other town can equal. The climate is mild and genial in Winter, and even and healthful in Summer. There are no excessively heated or severely cold terms, and while the days may be warm in Summer the nights are deliciously cool; in Winter sleigh-riding is the exception and not the rule.

Facilities for irrigating surpass any in the State and there is no failure of crops. Reno has Churches of all denominations, Bishop Whitaker's School for Girls, Mt. St. Mary's Academy, the State University, and splendid Public Schools.

The Reno Water Co. furnishes ample pure, cold water for all purposes. The Reno Electric Light Co.'s electric light system, already well established, is being augmented. The Reno Gas Co. supplies gas for all purposes. The streets of Reno are lighted by electricity.

### ANDREW BENSON,

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

STOCK CORNERS AND SCALES,

RENO, NEVADA. First-Class Turnouts. Clean and Suits the Times.

## RENO!

Is the Railroad Center of Nevada.

## RENO

Is the Educational Center of Nevada.

## RENO

Is the Healthiest Town in Nevada.

## RENO

Is Great, and Alfalfa is King!

## The Safest Investment

## IN THE STATE

## RENO PROPERTY

Is the Cheapest on the Coast in comparison with that of other cities.

### I. O. O. F.

TRUCKEE LODGE, NO. 14, L.O.O.F. in their new hall, west side Sierra Street, near the Golden Gate Hotel.

Reno, Nevada, every Wednesday evening, at 7:30 o'clock. Punctual attendance of members is requested. Visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

W. L. THOMAS, S. J. JOHN BOWMAN, Secretary.

### LEGAL.

#### MINING APPLICATION NO. 587.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE WASHOE QUICKSILVER MINING COMPANY, existing under and by virtue of the laws of Nevada, and of which Thomas Reynolds is President and attorney-in-fact, whose Postoffice address is Virginia City, Storey county, Nevada, has this day filed his application for a patent for the claim in the Washoe Quicksilver Mining Company consisting of the following described five divisions: No. 1, Lafayette, U. S. Survey, No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 4, Gladstone, U. S. Survey, No. 5, New Denmark, U. S. Survey, each of 1,600 linear feet on the quicksilver deposit, bearing quicksilver, and other precious metals connected therewith, with surface ground 600 feet in width each, all situated in Steamboat Mining District, county of Washoe, Nevada, and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as Lot No. 42, in Section 32, Township 18 North, Range 20 East, M. D. M. Said lot No. 42 being described as follows:

Field notes of U. S. Survey, No. 42, Township 18 North, Range 20 East, Mount Diablo base and meridian, claimed by the Washoe Quicksilver Mining Company, and consisting of five divisions: No. 1, Lafayette, U. S. Survey, No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 4, Gladstone, U. S. Survey, No. 5, New Denmark, U. S. Survey, each of 1,600 linear feet on the quicksilver deposit, bearing quicksilver, and other precious metals connected therewith, with surface ground 600 feet in width each, all situated in Steamboat Mining District, county of Washoe, Nevada, and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as Lot No. 42, in Section 32, Township 18 North, Range 20 East, M. D. M. Said lot No. 42 being described as follows:

First course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "Lafayette P. No. 1, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Second course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "Lafayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Third course—S 17 degrees 05 minutes E. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "Lafayette P. No. 4, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Fourth course—N 72 degrees 55 minutes E. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "Lafayette P. No. 5, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Field notes of Division No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, in Section 32, T. 18 N., R. 20 E., M. D. M. Beginning at a post marked "H. S. P. No. 1, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

First course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "H. S. P. No. 2, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Second course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "H. S. P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

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Fourth course—N 72 degrees 55 minutes E. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "H. S. P. No. 5, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Field notes of Division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, in Section 32, T. 18 N., R. 20 E., M. D. M. Beginning at a post marked "M. A. P. No. 1, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

First course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "M. A. P. No. 2, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Second course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "M. A. P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Third course—S 17 degrees 05 minutes E. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "M. A. P. No. 4, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Fourth course—N 72 degrees 55 minutes E. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "M. A. P. No. 5, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Field notes of Division No. 4, Gladstone, U. S. Survey, No. 42, in Section 32, T. 18 N., R. 20 E., M. D. M. Beginning at a post marked "G. P. No. 1, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

First course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "G. P. No. 2, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Second course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "G. P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Third course—S 17 degrees 05 minutes E. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "G. P. No. 4, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Fourth course—N 72 degrees 55 minutes E. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "G. P. No. 5, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Field notes of Division No. 5, New Denmark, U. S. Survey, No. 42, in Section 32, T. 18 N., R. 20 E., M. D. M. Beginning at a post marked "N. D. P. No. 1, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

First course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "N. D. P. No. 2, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Second course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "N. D. P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Third course—S 17 degrees 05 minutes E. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "N. D. P. No. 4, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

Fourth course—N 72 degrees 55 minutes E. at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to post marked "N. D. P. No. 5, W. Q. M. Co., U. S. Survey, No. 42, then

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JOHN F. LOHME, Sec'y.

#### SUMMONS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE

State of Nevada, County of Washoe, George B. Smith, plaintiff, vs. Lewis Alexander, defendant.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court from the affidavits of Charles A. Jones that said plaintiff has commenced an action in said Court against the said defendant (which action is still pending) to recover the sum of \$1,497.25 alleged to be due.

It further appearing from said affidavits that said defendant has absconded and departed from this State and cannot, after due diligence, be found within the State and is absent from the State and in the City of San Francisco, California.

It further appearing from said affidavits that a cause of action now exists in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant for which said cause of action suit is brought and is now pending, and that said cause of action is against the said defendant Lewis Alexander, who cannot be personally served within the State of Nevada and against whom service is desired to be made and

It further appearing that an attachment has been issued in said action against the property of said defendant and has been served and levied upon personal property and credits and debts owing to said defendant. Now, therefore, upon motion and in consideration of the premises it is ordered by the Court that service of summons be made by publishing the summons in said action in the Nevada State Journal, a newspaper printed and published at Reno, Nevada, for the period of six consecutive weeks, said publication to be made at least once a week during said time. It is also ordered that a copy of the complaint and summons be deposited in the Postoffice property stamped and directed to the residence of defendant Lewis Alexander, at San Francisco, Cal.

It is further ordered that the summons be dated at Reno, Nevada, this 1st day of June, 1890.

Dated at Reno, Nevada, this 1st day of June, 1890.

H. B. BULLOCK, Clerk of Judge.

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CIGARS.

All the novelties in Fancy Groceries. No need to send away for choice goods. Cash made collected, and satisfaction guaranteed.

AL. WHITE.

RENO, NEV., April 14, 1890.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE

stockholders of the Hopkins Gold and Silver Mining Company will be held at the office of the company, at the Nevada State Journal, on Saturday, May 11, 1890, at 2 p. m. for the election of a Board of Trustees for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of other business as may come before the meeting. By order of the Board of Trustees.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF MARY C. RHODE. NOTICE IS hereby given to the undersigned administrator of the estate of Mary C. Rhoad, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased to present the same with proper vouchers to the undersigned administrator, at the office of the County Clerk of Washoe County, State of Nevada, or at the office of G. B. Smith, Esq., rooms 1 and 2 "Old Fellows" Building in Virginia City, Nevada, the same being the place for the presentation of claims against the estate of the said deceased.

MARY C. RHODE, Administrator of the estate of Mary C. Rhoad, deceased.

Dated at Reno, Nevada, April 6, 1890.

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